

What's All the Talk About Food Safety?

Did you ever have an upset stomach or something that people call the 24-hour flu? If your symptoms lasted less than a day, chances are your brief illness was caused by a foodborne illness. You will learn about ways you can minimize the number of foodborne incidents you have in your lifetime.

WHAT IS a FOODBORNE ILLNESS?

A **foodborne illness** is a disease that is carried to animals or humans by food. Foodborne illnesses are caused by microorganisms such as bacteria. Not all bacteria cause disease in humans. Those that do are called **pathogens**. They grow rapidly when conditions are right — dark, damp places where temperatures range between 40° F and 140° F. Any type of food can be a source of a foodborne illness; however, high protein foods are responsible for most of them. Examples include milk and milk products, eggs, meats, poultry, fish, seafood, and soy protein food such as tofu.



WHAT IS FOOD SAFETY ?

Food safety is the practice of making sure that people have the healthful food they need for an active, healthy lifestyle. Some foods, particularly fresh fruits and vegetables, are not cooked before we eat them. These foods must be handled correctly to make sure they are safe to eat. The Centers for Disease Control reports that 83% of foodborne illnesses associated with fresh fruits and vegetables are due to improper food handling at the foodservice or consumer level. They are contaminated with pathogens and then not cooked or stored properly. Since you handle food, you can do your part to keep your food safe.

WHAT IS a MICROORGANISM?

Microorganisms, also known as microbes, are single-celled organisms so tiny that millions of them can fit between the eye of a needle. Individually, they can only be seen with a microscope. Colonies of microorganisms, such as mold on bread, may be visible with the eye alone. Common microbes associated with foodborne illnesses are bacteria.



WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

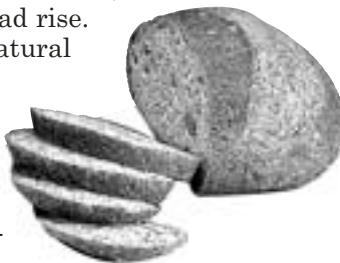
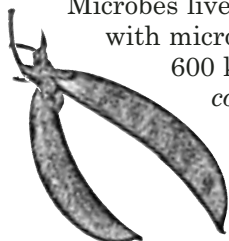
All people have a personal responsibility to keep food safe. Farmers are the first people responsible for producing healthful food. They must know how to plant, cultivate, irrigate, harvest, and store the food so that the final product is safe for the consumer. Farmers are responsible for making sure that the people involved in their operations follow the guidelines established by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). In the 1990s, the agricultural industry adopted some guidelines called GAPs—Good Agricultural Practices—that keep food safe at the farm level.

People who pack, process and transport food must make sure that food is kept at proper temperatures, and handled and washed appropriately. Storage facilities must be kept clean. Grocers and those who prepare and serve food at restaurants are responsible for using proper food safety procedures. You, the at-home consumer, must do your part too! It requires teamwork.

BENEFICIAL MICROBES

Microbes live almost everywhere! In fact, you are covered with microbes inside and out! Your mouth contains over 600 kinds! Your large intestine contains *Escherichia coli*, a bacterium. *Lactobacillus acidophilus* turns milk into yogurt. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, also known as yeast, makes bread rise. *Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt)*, a natural pesticide, is found in the soil and is used by farmers and

home gardeners. Rhizobia are bacteria that live in the nodules of some plant roots, such as beans and alfalfa, and convert nitrogen into a form plants can use. Without microbes to decompose things, the world would be covered with waste. In fact, Earth as we know it would not exist!



BACTERIA OUT OF CONTROL!

Under certain conditions, a bacterium can double in population every 10 to 30 minutes — usually in warm, damp and dark places. People can get sick when they eat foods that have been contaminated by harmful bacteria. *Salmonella* and *E. Coli* are the most common bacteria that cause foodborne illnesses. Seems funny that one form of *E. Coli* is inside our gut, but if we eat another form, it can make us sick. That's strange but true!

Since pathogens can live almost anywhere, it is important to clean, separate, chill, and cook your food properly... and then eat it in a timely manner.

